

Arts and crafts as listening practice

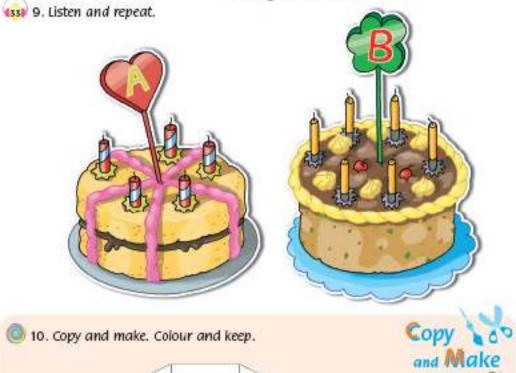


- Teach instruction vocabulary through TPR
- Have a finished product to show children
- Do colour dictations
- Demonstrate how to make object in steps, using simple instructions and getting the students to copy you















DICE



- **Board** games
- Small groups
- Mathematical operations
- Individual / pairs
- Reaching a number







A SOUND METHODOLOGY!

- Pre listening stage
- While listening stage
- Post listening stage







- *Focus attention on topic and vocabulary
- *Activate any prior knowledge on topic
- Make predictions about the content







- Learners listen to whole sequence for global understanding
- Then tasks are set so learners remain active
- Enjoyment







*Consolidate, extend, personalise any language presented and practiced in the listening



FOOTPRINTS





























Post listening tasks for stories



Students can:

- Speculate on what the stone is / can do
- Retell the story using the pictures
- Act out the story
- Create their own books
- Do a gap fill of the story
- Make puppets of the characters and retell the story







- Many aspects to consider: vocabulary, pronunciation, structures, functions
- Young learners are less self conscious, love to sing and learn short phrases
- Teachers mustn't have too high expectations
- Speaking activities must be meaningful and learners must have a reason for doing them



Formulaic language learnt in 'chunks'

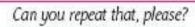


- Greetings: Hello, Goodbye, How are you?
- Social English: Have a nice weekend!
- Routines: What's the date?
- Classroom language: What page are we on? It's my turn
- Asking permission: Can I go to the toilet please?
- Communication strategies: How do you say.... in English? What doesmean?









How do you say 'gomma' in English?

Can I borrow a pen, please?

I'm sorry, I don't understand.

Can I go to the toilet, please?

Can you spell that, please?



















1. LOOK 2. 15TEN

3. HANDS UP 4. BE QUIET

5. DRAW 6. STAND UP 7. SIT DOWN 8. TURN ROUND





SPEAKING

- Only opportunity / contact
- &Communicative needs
- *Facilitate posters







- Choose a task within the capabilities of the learner
- Make sure the learners have a reason for doing the task
- The end-product is a motivating factor